

CITY OF LA VERNIA, TEXAS

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019



CITY OF LA VERNIA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTORY SCHEDULE

TITLE PAGE	i
TABLE OF CONTENTS	11
PRINCIPAL OFFICERS	iv

FINANCIAL SECTION

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	<u>Page</u> 1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	3
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	10
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	
BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	14
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET BALANCE	
SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	16
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	17
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND	
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT	
OF ACTIVITIES	19
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND	
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION	
PROPRIETARY UTILITY FUND	21
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY UTILITY FUND	22
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	24
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	46
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-	
BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND	47
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-	
BUDGET AND ACTUAL – MUNICIPAL DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT	
NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES	
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES – NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS	-
SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN	52
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES – TOTAL OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT LIABILITY	· 53

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	54
COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS - GENERAL FUND	55
COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN	
FUND BALANCE - GENERAL FUND	56
COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS - STREET MAINTENANCE FUND	57
COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN	
FUND BALANCE - STREET MAINTENANCE FUND	58
COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS - MUNICIPAL DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT	59
COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN	
FUND BALANCE - MUNICIPAL DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT	60
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	61
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN	
FUND BALANCE - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	62
COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY UTILITY FUND	63
COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET	
POSITION - PROPRIETARY UTILITY FUND	64

CITY OF LA VERNIA

PRINCIPAL OFFICERS

CITY OFFICIALS

MAYOR	ROBERT GREGORY
MAYOR PRO TEM	ELOI CORMIER
CITY COUNCIL	DIANELL RECKER
	JAY HENNETTE
	AMANDA HUTCHINSON
	MARTIN POORE
CITY ADMINISTRATOR	YVONNE GRIFFIN
ATTORNEY	DENTON, NAVARRO, ROCHA, BERNAL & ZECH, P.C.



Armstrong, Vaughan & Associates, P. C.

Deborah F. Fraser Phil S. Vaughan Nancy L. Vaughan

Certified Public Accountants Kimberly J. Roach

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of La Vernia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of La Vernia, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of La Vernia's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The City of La Vernia's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of La Vernia, as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, pension schedules and other post employment benefit schedule as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of La Vernia's basic financial statements. The comparative and combining fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The comparative and combining fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Armstrong, Vauspan & Associates, P.C.

Armstrong, Vaughan & Associates, P.C. December 13, 2019

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the City of La Vernia's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the City's financial performance during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which follow this section.

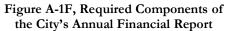
FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

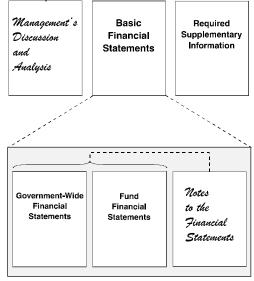
- The City's total combined net position was \$6.3 million at September 30, 2019.
- During the year, the City's governmental expenses were \$549 thousand less than the \$2.4 million generated in general and program revenues for governmental activities. The total cost of the City's programs increased 2.4% from the prior year.
- The general fund reported an unassigned fund balance this year of \$1.7 million, an increase of \$301 thousand.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts—*management's* discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the City:

- The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both *long-term* and *short-term* information about the City's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the government, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- *The governmental funds* statements tell how *general government* services were financed in the *short-term* as well as what remains for future spending.
- *Proprietary fund* statements offer *short* and *long-term* financial information about the activities the government operates *like businesses*.







The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Fund Statements									
Type of Statements	Government-wide	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds						
Scope	Entire City's government	The activities of the city	Activities the City						
	(except fiduciary funds)	that are not proprietary or	operates similar to private						
	and the City's component	fiduciary	businesses: utilities						
	units								
Required financial	 Statement of net position 	Balance Sheet	• Statement of net position						
statements	 Statement of activities 	• Statement of revenues,	• Statement of revenues,						
		expenditures & changes	expenses & changes in						
		in fund balances	net position						
			•Statement of cash flows						
Accounting basis	Accrual accounting and	Modified accrual	Accrual accounting and						
and measurement	economic resources focus	accounting and current	economic resources focus						
focus		financial resources focus							
Type of	All assets and liabilities,	Only assets expected to	All assets and liabilities,						
asset/liabilitiy	both financial and capital,	be used up and liabilities	both financial and capital,						
information	short-term and long-term	that come due during the	and short-term and long-						
		year or soon thereafter;	term						
		no capital assets included							
Type of	All revenues and	Revenues for which cash	All revenues and expenses						
inflow/outflow	expenses during year,	is received during or soon	during year, regardless of						
information	regardless of when cash	after the end of the year;	when cash is received or						
	is received or paid	expenditures when goods	paid						
		or services have been							
		received and payment is							
		due during the year or							
		soon thereafter.							

Figure A-2. Major Features of the City's Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the City's financial statements, including the portion of the City government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the City as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the City's net position and how it has changed. Net position—the difference between the City's assets and liabilities—is one way to measure the City's financial health.

• Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

- To assess the overall health of the City, one needs to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the City's tax base.
- The government-wide financial statements of the City include the *Governmental activities*. Most of the City's basic services are included here, such as general government, public safety, streets, sanitation, municipal development, parks, and interest on long-term debt. Property taxes, sales taxes and charges for services finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's most significant *funds*—not the City as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the City uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The City Council establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

The City has the following kinds of funds:

- *Governmental funds*—Most of the City's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how *cash and other financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term* view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, that explain the relationship (or differences) between them.
- *Proprietary funds*—Services for which the City charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long-term and short-term financial information.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

Table A-1									
			y's Net Position						
	Gover	nmental	Busines	ss-Type			Percentage		
	Acti	vities	Activ		Te	otal	Change		
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019-2018		
Assets:									
Current Assets	\$ 3,473,387	\$ 2,829,872	\$ 423,608	\$ 498,476	\$ 3,896,995	\$ 3,328,348	17.1		
Other Assets	-	-	1,115,185	2,036,008	1,115,185	2,036,008	(45.2)		
Capital Assets (net)	994,498	1,061,916	4,548,983	3,840,290	5,543,481	4,902,206	13.1		
Total Assets	4,467,885	3,891,788	6,087,776	6,374,774	10,555,661	10,266,562	2.8		
Deferred Outflows	85,622	34,715			85,622	34,715	146.6		
Liabilities:									
Current Liabilities	110,940	77,325	390,457	337,090	501,397	414,415	21.0		
Long-Term Liabilities	176,082	125,729	3,618,941	3,836,125	3,795,023	3,961,854	(4.2)		
Total Liabilities	287,022	203,054	4,009,398	4,173,215	4,296,420	4,376,269	(1.8)		
Deferred Inflows	27,380	33,347			27,380	33,347	(17.9)		
Net Position:									
Net Investment in Capital Assets	994,498	1,034,418	1,637,509	1,681,125	2,632,007	2,715,543	(3.1)		
Restricted	1,729,625	1,439,376	143,821	143,564	1,873,446	1,582,940	18.4		
Unrestricted	1,514,982	1,216,308	297,048	376,870	1,812,030	1,593,178	13.7		
Total Net Positon	\$ 4,239,105	\$ 3,690,102	\$ 2,078,378	\$ 2,201,559	\$ 6,317,483	\$ 5,891,661	7.2		

The City's combined net position was \$6.3 million at September 30, 2019. (See Table A-1).

Governmental Activities

- Sales tax continues to be the main funding source for governmental activities at \$1.6 million. Tax revenues overall increased 17% to \$1.9 million.
- Governmental expenses increased 5% to \$1.84 million.
- Governmental net position increased by \$549 thousand.

Business-Type Activities

Revenues of the City's utility business-type activities increased to \$1 million, while operating expenses decreased 2% to \$1.2 million.

	Govern	nmental	Busines	ss-Type			Percentage
	Acti	vities	Activ	vities	Тс	Change	
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019-2018
Program Revenues:							
Charges for Services	\$ 388,704	\$ 334,270	\$ 1,058,282	\$ 925,024	\$ 1,446,986	\$ 1,259,294	14.9
Grants and Contributions:							
Operating	2,021	1,178	-	-	2,021	1,178	71.6
Capital	55,290	1,896	-	-	55,290	1,896	2816.1
General Revenues:							
Taxes	1,908,403	1,627,001	-	-	1,908,403	1,627,001	17.3
Interest Earnings	8,956	4,144	11,338	1,751	20,294	5,895	244.3
Gain on Disposal of Assets	-	6,505	-	-	-	6,505	(100.0)
Miscellaneous	25,865	22,560			25,865	22,560	14.6
TOTAL REVENUES	2,389,239	1,997,554	1,069,620	926,775	3,458,859	2,924,329	18.3
Progam Expenses:							
Code Enforcement	97,053	88,858	-	-	97,053	88,858	9.2
General	342,491	355,986	-	-	342,491	355,986	(3.8)
Municipal Development	59,790	36,259	-	-	59,790	36,259	64.9
Municipal Court	62,351	61,634	-	-	62,351	61,634	1.2
Police	881,031	741,218	-	-	881,031	741,218	18.9
Public Works	337,012	406,822	-	-	337,012	406,822	(17.2)
Parks	59,656	52,204	-	-	59,656	52,204	14.3
Utility	-	-	1,192,801	1,216,194	1,192,801	1,216,194	(1.9)
Interest on Debt	852	2,498	-	-	852	2,498	(65.9)
TOTAL EXPENSES	1,840,236	1,745,479	1,192,801	1,216,194	3,033,037	2,961,673	2.4
Increase (Decrease) in							
Net Position	\$ 549,003	\$ 252,075	\$ (123,181)	\$ (289,419)	\$ 425,822	\$ (37,344)	1240.3

Table A-2 Changes in City's Net Position

Table A-3 presents the cost of each of the City's largest functions, as well as each function's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid). The net cost reflects what was funded by charges for services as well as local tax dollars.

Table A-3

	Total Cost of		Percentage	Net C	ostof	Percentage
	Serv	ices	Change	Serv	Change	
	2019	2018	2019-2018	2019	2018	2019-2018
Code Enforcement	\$ 97,053	\$ 88,858	9.2	\$ 63,732	\$ 41,162	54.8
General	342,491	355,986	(3.8)	327,721	347,663	(5.7)
Municipal Development	59,790	36,259	64.9	59,790	36,259	64.9
Municipal Court	62,351	61,634	1.2	(65,939)	(54,885)	20.1
Police	881,031	741,218	18.9	618,179	578,308	6.9
Public Works	337,012	406,822	(17.2)	337,012	406,822	(17.2)
Parks	59,656	52,204	14.3	52,874	50,308	5.1
Utility	1,192,801	1,216,194	(1.9)	134,519	291,170	(53.8)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

Revenues from governmental fund types totaled \$2.4 million, an increase of 20% from the preceding year. The increase was primarily related to an increase in sales tax collections. Expenditures increased 5% to \$1.84 million.

Budgetary Highlights

The City's actual expenditures in the general fund were \$111 thousand less than budgeted amounts, and fund balance increased \$301 thousand more than anticipated. The Municipal Development District's revenues were \$57 thousand more than budgeted amounts, while expenditures were \$71 thousand less than budgeted amounts, leading to a net change in fund balance that was \$128 thousand more than anticipated.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

As of September 30, 2019, the City had invested \$10.5 million in a broad range of capital assets, including land, equipment, buildings, and vehicles. (See Table A-4.) The elevated storage tank project continues and engineering has begun on two new utility projects have begun.

Table A-4City's Capital Assets(in thousands dollars)

	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities				Total				Percentage Change	
	2	2019		2018		2019		2018		2019	2018		2019-2018
Land	\$	209	\$	209	\$	31	\$	31	\$	240	\$	240	0.0
Buildings and Improvements		356		356		14		14		370		370	0.0
Equipment		752		736		397		397		1,149		1,133	1.4
Infrastructure		693		540		6,986		6,986		7,679		7,526	2.0
Construction in Progress		-		136		1,084		97		1,084		233	365.2
Totals at Historical Cost		2,010		1,977		8,512		7,525		10,522		9,502	10.7
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(1,017)		(915)		(3,964)		(3,685)		(4,981)		(4,600)	8.3
Net Capital Assets	\$	993	\$	1,062	\$	4,548	\$	3,840	\$	5,541	\$	4,902	13.0

More detailed information about the City's capital assets is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Long Term Debt

At year-end, the City had \$3.8 million in bonds outstanding as shown in Table A-5. More detailed information about the City's debt is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Table A-5

City's Long-Term Debt (*in thousands dollars*)

Governmental Business-Type Percentage Activities Activities Total Change 2019 2019 2019 2019-2018 2018 2018 2018 Bonds and Loans Payable \$ \$ \$ 3,836 \$ 4,052 \$ 3,836 \$ 4,169 (8.0) _ Capital Lease 27 54 (100.0)Total Bonds & Notes Payable \$ \$ 27 \$ 3,836 \$ 4,052 \$ 3,836 \$ 4,223 (9.2)

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The City's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2020 budget, tax rates, and fees that will be charged. The economic outlook for Wilson County remains stable. No changes in services are expected and budget levels remain similar to the previous year for the City.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact City Hall at (830) 779-4541.

CITY OF LA VERNIA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements include integrated sets of financial statements as required by the GASB. The sets of statements include:

- Government Wide Financial Statements
- Fund Financial Statements:
 - Governmental Funds
 - Proprietary Fund

In addition, the notes to the financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.



CITY OF LA VERNIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents		550,223	\$	323,791	\$	2,974,014
Certificates of Deposit	4	404,585		-		404,585
Receivables (net of allowances):						
Ad Valorem Taxes		7,236		-		7,236
Other	-	370,187		99,817		470,004
Prepaid Expenses		41,156		-		41,156
Restricted Cash and Investments		-		1,115,185		1,115,185
Capital Assets (net)		994,498		4,548,983		5,543,481
TOTAL ASSETS	4,	467,885		6,087,776		10,555,661
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred Pension Related Outflows		84,333		-		84,333
Deferred OPEB Related Outflows		1,289		-		1,289
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS		85,622		-		85,622
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable		17,596		69,293		86,889
Accrued Expenses		55,830		09,295		55,830
Accrued Compensated Absences		37,514		973		38,487
Customer Deposits		57,514		73,843		73,843
Unearned Revenue		_		12,197		12,197
Accrued Interest Payable		-		16,967		12,197
Noncurrent Liabilities:		-		10,907		10,907
Due within One Year		_		217,184		217,184
Due in more than One Year		_		3,618,941		3,618,941
Net Pension Liability		154,118				154,118
Total OPEB Liability		21,964		_		21,964
TOTAL LIABILITIES		287,022		4,009,398		4,296,420
				.,		.,_> 0,0
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred Pension Related Inflows		25,521		-		25,521
Deferred OPEB Related Inflows		1,859		-		1,859
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS		27,380		_		27,380
NET POSITION:						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		994,498		1,637,509		2,632,007
Restricted for:						
Street Repair		378,900		-		378,900
Municipal Development District	1,	334,661		-		1,334,661
Municipal Court		16,064		-		16,064
Impact Fees		-		143,821		143,821
Unrestricted	-	514,982		297,048		1,812,030
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 4,2	239,105	\$	2,078,378	\$	6,317,483

CITY OF LA VERNIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

			Program Revenues					
						erating	Capital	
		_		harges for		ints and	Grants and	
Functions and Programs]	Expenses		Services	Cont	ributions	Con	tributions
Primary Government:								
Governmental Activities:								
Code Enforcement	\$	97,053	\$	33,321	\$	-	\$	-
General Government		342,491		13,831		939		-
Municipal Development		59,790		-		-		-
Municipal Court		62,351		128,290		-		-
Police		881,031		213,262		1,082		48,508
Public Works		337,012		-		-		-
Parks		59,656		-		-		6,782
Interest on Long-term Debt		852				_		
Total Governmental Activities		1,840,236		388,704		2,021		55,290
Business-Type Activities:								
Water and Sewer Utility		1,192,801		1,058,282		_		-
Total Business-Type Activities		1,192,801		1,058,282		-		-
Total Primary Government	\$	3,033,037	\$	1,446,986	\$	2,021	\$	55,290
General Revenues:								
Taxes								
Ad Valorem Taxes								
Franchise Taxes								
Sales Taxes								
Interest and Investment Earnings								
Miscellaneous								
Total General Revenues								
Change in Net Position								

Net Position at Beginning of Year

Net Position at End of Year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Position			
P	rimary Governmer	ıt	
Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	
\$ (63,732)		\$ (63,732)	
(327,721) (59,790)		(327,721) (59,790)	
65,939		65,939	
(618,179)		(618,179)	
(337,012)		(337,012)	
(52,874)		(52,874)	
(852)		(852) (1,394,221)	
(1,394,221)		(1,394,221)	
	\$ (134,519)	(134,519)	
	(134,519)	(134,519)	
(1,394,221)	(134,519)	(1,528,740)	
221,672	-	221,672	
64,701	-	64,701	
1,622,030	-	1,622,030	
8,956	11,338	20,294	
25,865	- 11 220	25,865	
1,943,224	11,338	1,954,562	
549,003	(123,181)	425,822	
3,690,102	2,201,559	5,891,661	
\$ 4,239,105	\$ 2,078,378	\$ 6,317,483	

CITY OF LA VERNIA BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Major Funds		
	General Fund	Street Maintenance	Municipal Development District
ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,418,660	\$ 346,632	\$ 868,868
Certificates of Deposit	-	-	404,585
Receivables (net of allowances			
for uncollectibles):			
Property Taxes	7,236	-	-
Other Receivables	276,338	32,268	61,581
Prepaid Items	41,156		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,743,390	\$ 378,900	\$ 1,335,034
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES & FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	\$ 17,223	\$ -	\$ 373
Accrued Expenditures	55,830	-	-
Total Liabilities	73,053		373
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Unavailable Property Tax Revenues	5,583	-	-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	5,583	-	
Fund Balances:			
Nonspendable Prepaid Items	41,156	_	-
Restricted for:	,		
Street Repair	-	378,900	-
Municipal Court	-	-	-
Municipal Development	-	-	1,334,661
Unassigned	1,623,598	-	-
Total Fund Balances	1,664,754	378,900	1,334,661
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED			
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
& FUND BALANCES	\$ 1,743,390	\$ 378,900	\$ 1,335,034

No	Total onmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
\$	16,064 -	\$ 2,650,224 404,585	
	- - -	7,236 370,187 41,156	
\$	16,064	\$ 3,473,388	_

\$	-	\$ 17,596
	-	 55,830
	-	 73,426
	-	 5,583
	-	 5,583
	-	41,156
	-	378,900
16,0)64	16,064
	-	1,334,661
	-	1,623,598
16,0)64	 3,394,379

\$ 16,064 \$ 3,473,388



CITY OF LA VERNIA RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

TOTAL FUND BALANCE - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 3,394,379
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	994,498
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	5,582
Accrued vacation leave payable is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, not reported in the funds.	(37,514)
Net pension liabilities (and related deferred outflows of resources) do not provide or consume current financial resources and are not reported in the funds. Net Pension Liability (154,118) Pension Related Deferred Outflows 84,333 Pension Related Deferred Inflows (25,521)	(95,306)
Total OPEB liabilities (and related deferred outflows of resources) do not provide or consume current financial resources and are not reported in the funds. Total OPEB Liability (21,964) OPEB Related Deferred Outlows 1,289 OPEB Related Deferred Inflows (1,859)	(22,534)
TOTAL NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 4,239,105

CITY OF LA VERNIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Major Funds		
			Municipal
	General	Street	Development
	Fund	Maintenance	District
REVENUES			
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 220,872	\$ -	\$ -
Franchise Fees and Hotel Taxes	64,701	-	-
Sales Taxes	1,055,815	207,615	358,184
Fines and Penalties	122,455	-	-
Licenses and Permits	33,321	-	-
Interest Income	2,254	669	6,005
Intergovernmental	56,372	-	-
Miscellaneous	40,628	-	10,089
Police Services for School District	202,357		
TOTAL REVENUES	1,798,775	208,284	374,278
EXPENDITURES			
<i>EAFENDITURES</i> <i>Current:</i>			
Code Enforcement	58,449	_	_
General Government	322,527	-	_
Municipal Court	56,711	-	_
Police	837,633	-	_
Public Works	137,837	158,439	_
Parks	59,656		_
Municipal Development	1,356	-	96,740
Capital Outlay	34,400	-	
Debt Service:	51,100		
Principal	27,498	_	_
Interest and Fiscal Charges	929	_	_
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,536,996	158,439	96,740
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	1,550,570	100,100	
Over (Under) Expenditures	261,779	49,845	277,538
- ··· (- ····) -·· T · ······· · ·			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfer In	39,082	-	-
Transfer Out			(39,082)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING	39,082		(39,082)
SOURCES (USES)			
Net Change in Fund Balance	300,861	49,845	238,456
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	1,363,893	329,055	1,096,205
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 1,664,754	\$ 378,900	\$ 1,334,661

Total Nonmajor Funds		Total Governmental Funds		
\$	-	\$	220,872	
	417		65,118	
	-		1,621,614	
	7,008		129,463	
	-		33,321	
	29		8,957	
	-		56,372	
	-		50,717	
	-		202,357	
	7,454		2,388,791	

	-	58,449
	-	322,527
	5,232	61,943
	- , -	837,633
	-	296,276
	-	59,656
	-	98,096
	-	34,400
		2.,
	-	27,498
	-	929
	5,232	1,797,407
	2,222	591,384
	-	39,082
	-	(39,082)
	-	
	2 2 2 2	501 294
	2,222	591,384
	13,842	2,802,995
•		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
\$	16,064	\$ 3,394,379



CITY OF LA VERNIA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 591,384
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which	
depreciation exceeded capital outlay.	(67,418)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. This amount represents	440
the change in those revenues from the prior year.	449
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, notes payable, leases) provides current financial resources to the governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transactions, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the net effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities:	
Principal Payments 27,498	27,498
Governmental funds report required contributions to employee pensions and other post employment benefits (opeb) as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities these benefits are recorded based on the actuarially determined cost of the plans. This is the amount that the actuarially determined expense exceeded (or was exceeded by) the contributions. Pension Plan 3,814	
OPEB Plan 3,492	7,306
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Change in Compensated Absences (9,507)	
Change in Accrued Interest (709)	 (10,216)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 549,003

CITY OF LA VERNIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY UTILITY FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 323,791
Receivables (net of allowances	
for uncollectibles):	99,817
Other Assets:	
Restricted Cash and Investments	1,115,185
Capital Assets (net of depreciation)	4,548,983
TOTAL ASSETS	 6,087,776
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	69,293
Accrued Compensated Absences	973
Customer Deposits	73,843
Unearned Revenue	12,197
Accrued Interest Payable	16,967
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Due within One Year	217,184
Due in more than One Year	3,618,941
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 4,009,398
NET POSITION:	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,637,509
Restricted Impact Fees	143,821
Unrestricted	 297,048
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 2,078,378

CITY OF LA VERNIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY UTILITY FUND FOR THE YEAR SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

OPERATING REVENUES	
Water Charges	\$ 539,068
Sewer Charges	200,997
Garbage Charges	283,008
Connection and Impact Fees	4,824
Miscellaneous Income	 30,385
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	 1,058,282
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Personnel	160,151
Water Purchase	86,309
Garbage Collection	252,133
Utilities	70,807
Office and Administrative	46,166
Repairs and Chemicals	97,061
Treatment Plant Contract	85,401
Depreciation	 278,440
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	 1,076,468
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	 (18,186)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Interest Income	11,338
Interest Expense	(116,333)
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	 (104,995)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(123,181)
NET POSITION AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	 2,201,559
NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR	\$ 2,078,378

CITY OF LA VERNIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY UTILITY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Cash Flows From Operating Activities:		
Cash Received From Customers	\$	1,036,071
Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services		(581,565)
Cash Paid to Employees		(156,723)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	_	297,783
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:		
Purchases of Capital Assets		(987,132)
Principal Payments		(197,604)
Interest Paid		(135,259)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and		
Related Financing Activities		(1,319,995)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:		
Investment Interest Received		11,338
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		11,338
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash		
and Cash Equivalents		(1,010,874)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		
Cash and Cash Equivalents		413,842
Restricted Cash		2,036,008
	_	2,449,850
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year		
Cash and Cash Equivalents		323,791
Restricted Cash		1,115,185
	\$	1,438,976

CITY OF LA VERNIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY UTILITY FUND (CONT.) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (18,186)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash	
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	
Depreciation	278,440
(Increase) Decrease in Operating Assets:	
Accounts Receivable (net)	(25,321)
Prepaid Expenses	10,034
Increase (Decrease) in Current Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	46,278
Accrued Expenses	3,047
Accrued Compensated Absences	381
Customer Deposits	1,257
Unearned Revenue	1,853
Total Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Activities	 315,969
Net Cash Provided (Used) by	
Operating Activities	\$ 297,783

NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of La Vernia, Texas ("City") operates under a Council-Mayor form of government and provides the following services: police protection, parks and recreation, municipal court, planning and zoning, general administrative services, and utility (water, sewer and garbage) services.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

1. REPORTING ENTITY

Component Units

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations; thus, data from these units, if any existed, would be combined with data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the government. As of September 30, 2019, the City had one component unit that is blended in these financial statements:

La Vernia Municipal Development District

The City appoints a voting majority to, and exerts significant control over, the Municipal Development District (MDD), a legally separate entity. This qualifies the MDD as a component unit, which is presented in a separate column in the governmental fund financial statements (blended presentation). The MDD collects a 1/2 cent sales tax to promote the economic growth and enhance overall quality of life in the City of La Vernia. The MDD does not issue standalone financial statements. The MDD is located in the City Hall.

2. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The **government-wide financial statements** include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. Government-wide statements report information on all of the activities of the City. The effect of interfund transfers has been removed from the government-wide statements but continues to be reflected on the fund statements. Governmental activities are supported mainly by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods and services.

NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The statement of activities reflects the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included in program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate **fund financial statements** are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. The General Fund, Street Maintenance Fund and Municipal Development District meet the criteria as *major governmental funds*.

3. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The **government-wide financial statements** are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This measurement focus is also used for the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Revenue types which have been accrued consist of revenue from the investments, intergovernmental revenue and charges for services. Grants are recognized as revenue when all applicable eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met.

Revenues are classified as *program revenues* and *general revenues*. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. General revenues include all taxes, grants not restricted to specific programs, investment earnings, and other miscellaneous revenues.

Governmental fund level financial statements are reported using current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Measurable and available revenues include revenues expected to be received within 60 days after the fiscal year ends. Receivables which are measurable but not collectible within 60 days after the end of the fiscal period are reported as deferred outflows of resources.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a fund liability is incurred; however, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when the liability has matured and payment is due.

NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (Continued)

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City and is always classified as a major fund. The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include property taxes, charges for services, intergovernmental revenues and investment of idle funds. Primary expenditures are for general administration, public safety, public works and capital acquisition.

The Street Maintenance Fund is used to account for the ¹/₄ cent sales tax dedicated to maintaining the streets of the City.

<u>Municipal Development District</u> is used to account for the $\frac{1}{2}$ cent sales tax to promote economic development and enhance overall quality of life in the City.

The City has the following nonmajor funds: Debt Service, Court Security and Court Technology.

Proprietary fund level financial statements are used to account for activities, which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position and cash flows. The City's Proprietary Fund is the Utility Fund (used to account for the provision of water, sewer, and garbage services to residents).

The **Proprietary Fund** is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting as follows:

- 1. Revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recognized when the liabilities are incurred.
- 2. Current-year contributions, administrative expenses and benefit payments, which are not received or paid until the subsequent year, are accrued.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations.

4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents include cash deposits and investments with a maturity date within three (3) months of the date acquired by the City. Cash is only reported as restricted if it has a restriction narrower than the purpose of the fund that it is recorded in. This may result in some cash being restricted on the government-wide statements but not restricted on the fund statements.

NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

5. INVESTMENTS

State statutes authorize the City to invest in (a) obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities; (b) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies; (c) other obligations, the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas or the United States; (d) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm and having received a rating of not less than A or its equivalent; (e) certificates of deposit by state and national banks domiciled in this state that are (i) guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or its successor; or, (ii) secured by obligations that are described by (a) - (e). Statutes also allow investing in local government investment pools organized and rated in accordance with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, whose assets consist exclusively of the obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities and repurchase assessments involving those same obligations. The City has all its monies in interest bearing checking accounts, savings accounts, and certificates of deposit. Earnings from these investments are added to each account monthly or quarterly. Investments are carried at fair market value except for certificates of deposit which are carried at amortized cost.

6. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Property taxes are levied based on taxable value at January 1 prior to September 30 and become due October 1, 2018 and past due after January 31, 2019. Accordingly, receivables and revenues for property taxes are reflected on the government-wide statement based on the full accrual method of accounting. Property tax receivables for prior years' levy are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles, which the City currently estimates to be \$4,374 and \$- for the general fund and debt service funds, respectively.

Reimbursements for services performed are recorded as receivables and revenues when they are earned in the government-wide statements. Included are fines and costs assessed by the court action and billable services for certain contracts. Revenues received in advance of the costs being incurred are recorded as deferred revenue in the fund statements. Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

7. PREPAID ITEMS

Payments made for goods and services in advance are recorded as prepaid items on the balance sheet.

8. SHORT-TERM INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the fund statements. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

9. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets such as equipment are defined as assets with a cost of \$5,000 or more. Infrastructure assets include City-owned streets, sewer, sidewalks, curbs and bridges. Capital assets are recorded at historical costs if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The Costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Interest has not been capitalized during the construction period on property plant and equipment.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset	Estimated Life
Buildings and improvements	15 to 40 years
Streets and Infrastructure	10 to 30 years
Utility system in service	10 to 30 years
Machinery and equipment	3 to 25 years

10. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Employees earn vacation leave at varying rates depending on length of service, ranging from 5 to 15 days per year. Accrued vacation leave must be taken within the employment year (based on anniversary date). Employees earn sick leave at the rate of 3.07 hours per pay period starting on date of employment. No sick leave days are paid when an employee leaves city employment and no liability is reported for unpaid sick leave. Liabilities for compensated absences are recognized in the fund statements to the extent the liabilities have matured (i.e. are due for payment). Compensated absences are accrued in the government-wide statements.

11. DEFERRED INFLOWS AND OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period while a deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position. These items are presented in separate sections following assets (deferred outflows) or liabilities (deferred inflows) on the statement of net position.

Unavailable revenue is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet under a modified accrual basis of accounting. Unavailable revenues from property tax are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resource in the period the amounts become available.

NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

12. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City offers an Internal Revenue Code Section 457 deferred compensation plan. The City does not contribute to the plan, the plan is administered by an unrelated party, and the assets are invested at the direction of the employee.

13. UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenues arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

14. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities under governmental activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. On new bond issues, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

15. PENSIONS

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and additions to/deductions from TMRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

16. FUND EQUITY

Fund balances in governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable - Represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid items) or legally required to remain intact.

Restricted - Represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

16. FUND EQUITY (CONT.)

Committed - Represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose by a resolution of City Council. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes those constraints through the same formal action.

Assigned - Represents amounts which the City intends to use for a specific purpose but do not meet the criteria of restricted or committed. The City Council may make assignments and has chosen not to delegate that authority to any other individuals.

Unassigned - Represents the residual balance that may be spent on any other purpose of the City.

When an expenditure is incurred for a purpose in which multiple classifications are available, the City considers restricted balances spent first, committed second and assigned third.

17. NET POSITION

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

18. OPERATING REVENUES AND EXPENSES

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the enterprise. For the City, those revenues are charges for sewer services. Operating expenses are the necessary costs incurred to provide the service that is the primary activity. Revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating.

19. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Legally authorized transfers are treated as interfund transfers and are included in the results of operations of both Governmental and Proprietary Funds.

20. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE B -- DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

The City holds deposits at two institutions. At September 30, 2019, the City's deposits (including certificates of deposit) were fully collateralized by a combination of FDIC and pledged securities by the City's depositories. In the fund statements, restricted cash is presented only if the restriction is narrower than the purpose of the fund. As of September 30, 2019, \$971,364 and \$143,821 in the utility fund were restricted for construction from bond proceeds and impact fees, respectively.

Investments

The City is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act, to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

The Public Funds Investment Act ("Act") requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies, the City adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, the investment practices of the City were in accordance with local policies.

The Act determines the types of investments which are allowable for the City. These include, with certain restrictions, 1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, 2) certificates of deposit with a maturity greater than three (3) months, 3) certain municipal securities, 4) securities lending program, 5) repurchase agreements, 6) bankers acceptances, 7) mutual funds, 8) investment pools, 9) guaranteed investment contracts, and 10) commercial paper.

The City's investment policy further limits investments to: (1) federally insured bank deposits, (2) collateralized bank deposits, (3) U.S. Government Treasury bills and notes, including sweep accounts that invest in them, (4) U.S. Government Agencies, and (5) Public Funds Investment Pools. No other investments may be made without authorization of City Council.

NOTE B -- DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONT.)

Public Funds Investment Pools

As of September 30, 2019, the held \$709,693 in TexPool, a local government investment pool. Public funds investment pools in Texas ("Pools") are established under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and are subject to the provisions of the Public Funds Investment Act (the "Act"), Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. In addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires Pools to: 1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the pool and are qualified to advise the pool; 2) maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and 3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one half of one percent of the value of its shares.

The City's investments in Pools are reported in an amount determined, by the fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio, unless the pool is a 2a7-like, in which case they are reported at share value. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

GASB Statement 40 requires additional disclosures addressing other common risks of deposits and investments as follows:

a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end, the City was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

At September 30, 2019, the City's investments were in TexPool and Lone Star Investment Pool, which are public funds investment pools where all securities held to maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service.

b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

At year end, the City was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

NOTE B -- DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONT.)

Public Funds Investment Pools

c. Concentration of Credit Risk

The risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the City had no exposure to concentration of credit risk.

d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year-end, the City was not exposed to interest rate risk.

e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the City was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

NOTE C -- PROPERTY TAX CALENDAR

The City's property tax is levied and becomes collectible each October 1 based on the assessed values listed as of the prior January 1, which is the date a lien attaches to all taxable property in the City. Assessed values are established by the Wilson County Appraisal District at 100% of estimated market value. Assessed values are reduced by lawful exemptions to arrive at taxable values. The total taxable value as of January 1, 2018, upon which the fiscal 2019 levy was based, was \$111,598,810 (i.e., market value less exemptions). The estimated market value was \$156,836,428, making the taxable value 71% of the estimated market value.

The City is permitted by the Constitution of the State of Texas to levy taxes up to \$2.50 per \$100 of taxable assessed valuation for all governmental purposes. Pursuant to a decision of the Attorney General of the State of Texas, up to \$1.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation may be used for the payment of long-term debt. The combined tax rate to finance general governmental services, including the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt, for the year ended September 30, 2019, was \$0.1999 per \$100 of assessed value, which means that the City has a tax margin of \$2.3001 for each \$100 value and could increase its annual tax levy by approximately \$3,607,395 based upon the present assessed valuation before the limit is reached. However, the City may not adopt a tax rate that exceeds the effective tax rate calculated in accordance with the Texas Property Tax Code without holding two public hearings. The Property Tax Code subjects an increase in the proposed tax rate to a referendum election, if petitioned by registered voters, when the effective tax rate increase is more than eight percent (8%) of the previous year's maintenance and operations tax rate.

NOTE D -- OTHER RECEIVABLES

Other receivables for the City as of September 30, 2019 are as follows:

			Street		Municipal		
	Ger	neral Fund	Maintenance		Development		 Utility
Sales Tax	\$	165,441	\$	32,268	\$	61,581	\$ -
Franchise Taxes		17,381		-		-	-
Police Services		37,863		-		-	-
Other		7,145		-		-	-
Grant Receivable		48,508		-		-	-
Utility Services		-		-		-	107,469
Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts		-		-		-	 (7,652)
Total Other Receivables	\$	276,338	\$	32,268	\$	61,581	\$ 99,817

NOTE E -- CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2019, was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance 10/1/2018		Additions		Disposals/ Transfers		Balance 9/30/2019	
Land	\$	209,198	\$	-	\$	-	\$	209,198
Buildings and Improvements		356,269		-		-		356,269
Vehicles and Equipment		735,688		16,798		-		752,486
Infrastructure		539,220		-		154,040		693,260
Construction in Progress		136,437		17,603	(154,040)		-
		1,976,812		34,401		-		2,011,213
Less Accumulated Depreciation								
Buildings and Improvements		(119,203)		(10,561)		-		(129,764)
Equipment		(550,275)		(59,875)		-		(610,150)
Infrastructure		(245,418)		(31,383)		-		(276,801)
		(914,896)		(101,819)		-		(1,016,715)
Governmental Capital Assets, Net	\$	<u>1,061,916</u>	\$	(67,418)	\$	_	\$	994,498

Land and Construction in Progress are not depreciated.

Depreciation expense was charged to the governmental functions as follows:

Code Enforcement	\$ 28
General	21,602
Police	41,282
Public Works	 38,907
Total Depreciation Expense -	
Governmental Activities	\$ 101,819

NOTE E -- CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Business-Type Activities	Balance 10/1/2018		A	dditions	Disposals/ Transfers		Balance 9/30/2019	
Land	\$	31,158	\$	-	\$	-	\$	31,158
Buildings and Improvements		14,000		-		-		14,000
Vehicles and Equipment		397,189		-		-		397,189
Infrastructure		6,986,476		-		-		6,986,476
Construction in Progress		96,872		987,132		-		1,084,004
		7,525,695		987,132		-		8,512,827
Less Accumulated Depreciation								
Buildings and Improvements		(9,679)		(925)		-		(10,604)
Equipment		(177,368)		(26,059)		-		(203,427)
Infrastructure	(3,498,357)		(251,456)		-		(3,749,813)
	(3,685,404)		(278,440)		_		(3,963,844)
Business-Type Capital Assets, Net	\$	3,840,291	\$	708,692	\$		\$	4,548,983

Land and Construction in Progress are not depreciated.

NOTE F -- LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in long-term debt for the year ending September 30, 2019 were as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	10/1/2018	Additions	Reductions	9/30/2019
Bonds	\$4,079,108	\$ -	\$ (242,983)	\$3,836,125
Net Pension Liability	105,059	142,166	(93,107)	154,118
Total OPEB Liabiity	20,670	3,562	(2,268)	21,964
Totals	\$4,204,837	\$ 145,728	\$ (338,358)	\$4,012,207

Long-term debt and obligations payable at September 30, 2019, comprise the following individual issues:

Note Payable – San Antonio River Authority (SARA)

In April 2004, the City borrowed money from SARA to improve the wastewater treatment plant. The loan was for \$600,000 with an interest rate of 4.48%. The loan requires annual installments of \$46,046, maturing in June 2024. The loan is supported by a pledge of income and fees from the utility fund.

Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2016

In December 2015, the City issued \$3,025,000 in Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2016. The proceeds are to be used for water system improvements. The City intends to use utility revenues to service the debt but has the ability to levy property taxes for the debt service as well. The bonds mature September 1, 2036 and bear interest at rates ranging from 1.00% to 3.15%.

NOTE F -- LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2017

In November 2017, the City authorized \$564,000 in general obligation refunding bonds to advance refund a portion of the outstanding 2011 series. The debt service on the new bonds will be paid for from net utility fund revenues. The refunding resulted in present value savings of \$36,234. The bonds mature March 1, 2030 and bear interest at rates ranging from 1.295% to 2.84%.

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

	Balance 10/1/2018		Additions		Reductions		Balance 9/30/2019		Due Within One Year	
Governmental Activities										
Capital Lease 2016	\$	27,498	\$	-	\$	(27,498)	\$	-	\$	-
Total Governmental Activities		27,498		-		(27,498)		-		-
Business-Type Activities										
Private Placements										
and Direct Borrowings:										
San Antonio River Authority	3	364,707		-		(29,707)	335	5,000		31,038
Refunding, 2017		551,000				(8,000)	543	3,000		44,000
Total Private Placements										
and Direct Borrowings		915,707		-		(37,707)	878	3,000		75,038
Public Offerings:										
Certificates of Obligation, 2011		35,000		-		(35,000)		-		-
Certificates of Obligation, 2016	2,9	905,000				(125,000)	2,780),000		125,000
Total Public Offerings	2,9	940,000		-		(160,000)	2,780),000		125,000
Unamortized Premiums	1	195,903		_		(17,778)	178	3,125		17,146
Total Business-Type Activities	4,()51,610				(215,485)	3,836	5,125		217,184
Total Primary Government	\$4,0	079,108	\$		\$	(242,983)	\$3,836	5,125	\$	217,184

The annual requirements to amortize all private placement long-term debt and obligations outstanding as of September 30, 2019, including interest payments, are as follows:

		Business-Type Activities								
Year Ending	Pr	ivate Place	ment	s and Direc	t Bo	prrowings				
September 30,	P	rincipal	I	Interest		Total				
2020	\$	75,038	\$	26,866	\$	101,904				
2021		77,428		24,766		102,194				
2022		79,881		22,524		102,405				
2023		82,400		20,132		102,532				
2024		84,985		17,584		102,569				
2025-2029		423,268		43,800		467,068				
2030-2031		55,000		781		55,781				
	\$	878,000	\$	156,453	\$	1,034,453				

NOTE F -- LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

The annual requirements to amortize all public offerings long-term debt and obligations outstanding as of September 30, 2019, including interest payments, are as follows:

	 Business-Type Activities									
Year Ending	 Public Offerings									
September 30,	 Principal		Interest	Total						
2020	\$ 125,000	\$	101,700	\$	226,700					
2021	125,000		97,950		222,950					
2022	130,001		94,200		224,201					
2023	134,999		90,301		225,300					
2024	140,000		86,250		226,250					
2025-2029	770,000		360,951		1,130,951					
2030-2034	930,000		199,600		1,129,600					
2035-2036	 425,000		25,600	450,600						
	\$ 2,780,000	\$	1,056,552	\$	3,836,552					

The City has 2 bond series that were directly placed at local banking institutions. The bond documents do not contain subjective acceleration clauses, events of default with finance related consequences or termination events with finance-related consequences.

NOTE G -- DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Texas Municipal Retirement System

Plan Description

The City participates as one of 887 plans in the nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit pension plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is an agency created by the state of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (the TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees in the State of Texas. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of the system with a six-member Board of Trustees. Although the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at www.tmrs.com.

All eligible employees of the City are required to participate in TMRS.

Benefits Provided

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

NOTE G -- DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's contributions, with interest, and the City-financed monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity. Members may choose to receive their retirement benefit in one of seven payment options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a Partial Lump Sum Distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the member's deposits and interest.

At the December 31, 2018 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	4
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	16
Active employees	21
	41

Contributions

The contribution rates for employees in TMRS are either 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings, and the City matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the City. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

For the year ending September 30, 2019, employees for the City were required to contribute 5% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City were 3.18% and 3.44% in calendar years 2018 and 2019, respectively. The City's contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2019 were \$29,291 which equaled required contributions.

Net Pension Liability

The City's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2018, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.50% per year
Overall Payroll Growth	3.00% per year
Investment Rate of Return*	6.75%

* Presented net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

NOTE G -- DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, and beneficiaries were based on the gender-distinct RP2000 Combined Health Mortality Table, with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103%. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale BB to account for future mortality improvements.

For disabled annuitants, the gender-distinct RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Tables with Blue Collar Adjustment are used with males rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% with a 3-year set-forward for both males and females. In addition, a 3% minimum mortality 16 rate is applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale BB to account for future mortality improvements subject to the 3% floor.

Actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018, valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The experience study in TMRS was for the period December 31, 2010 through December 31, 2014. Healthy post-retirement mortality rates and annuity purchase rates were updated based on a Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011, and dated December 31, 2013. These assumptions were first used in the December 31, 2013 valuation, along with a change to the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. Assumptions are reviewed annually. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income, in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. In determining their best estimate of a recommended investment return assumption under the various alternative asset allocation portfolios, GRS focused on the area between (1) arithmetic mean (aggressive) without an adjustment for time (conservative) and (2) the geometric mean (conservative) with an adjustment for time (aggressive). At its meeting on July 30, 2015, the TMRS Board approved a new portfolio target allocation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
		Expected Real
		Rate of Return
Asset Class	Target Allocation	(Arithmetic)
Domestic Equity	17.50%	4.30%
International Equity	17.50%	6.10%
Core Fixed Income	10.00%	1.00%
Non-Core Fixed Income	20.00%	3.39%
Real Return	10.00%	3.78%
Real Estate	10.00%	4.44%
Absolute Return	10.00%	3.56%
Private Equity	5.00%	7.75%
	100.00%	

NOTE G -- EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

The below schedule presents the changes in the Net Pension Liability as of December 31, 2018:

	Total Pension		Plar	n Fiduciary	Net Pension		
	Ι	Liability	Ne	Net Position		Liability	
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$	\$ 471,095 \$		\$ 366,036		105,059	
Changes for the year:							
Service Cost		67,609		-		67,609	
Interest		33,415		-		33,415	
Change of Benefit Terms		-		-		-	
Difference Between Expected and							
Actual Experience		29,933		-		29,933	
Changes of Assumptions		-		-		-	
Contributions - Employer		-		31,359		(31,359)	
Contributions - Employee		-		61,748		(61,748)	
Net Investment Income		-		(10,986)		10,986	
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds							
of Employee Contributions		(19,738)		(19,738)		-	
Administrative Expense		-		(212)		212	
Other Changes				(11)		11	
Net Changes		111,219		62,160		49,059	
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$	582,314	\$	428,196	\$	154,118	

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Discount Rate		Discount Rate		Discount Rate	
		5.75%	6.75%			7.75%
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	231,465	\$	154,118	\$	89,761

NOTE G -- EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issued TMRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.tmrs.com.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$32,239. Also as of September 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between Expected and				
Actual Economic Experience	\$	24,464	\$	11,898
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		6,069		-
Differences Between Projected and				
Actual Investment Earnings		31,823		13,623
Contributions Subsequent to the				
Measurement Date		21,977		_
	\$	84,333	\$	25,521

Deferred outflows of resources in the amount of \$21,977 is related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the calendar year ending December 31, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

For the Plan Year ended December 31,	
2019	\$ 10,165
2020	6,896
2021	6,871
2022	10,840
2023	2,063
Thereafter	 -
	\$ 36,835

NOTE H -- OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB)

The City also participates in the cost sharing single-employer defined benefit group-term life insurance plan operated by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF). The City elected, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage to both current and retired employees. The City may terminate coverage under and discontinue participation in the SDBF by adopting an ordinance before November 1 of any year to be effective the following January 1.

The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death); retired employees are insured for \$7,500; this coverage is an "other postemployment benefit," or OPEB. Membership in the plan at December 31, 2018, the valuation and measurement date, consisted of:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	3
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	1
Active employees	21
	25

The City contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year; the intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers. The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of December 31, 2010 to December 31, 2014. The assumptions are summarized below:

Inflation	2.50% per year
Salary Increases	3.50% to 10.50% Including Inflation
Discount Rate	3.71% (Based on Fidelity's 20-Year Muinicipal GO AA Index)
Administrative Expenses	All administrative expenses are paid through the Pension Trust and accounted for under reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 68
Mortality Rates - Service Retirees	RP2000 Combined Mortality Table with blue collar adjustment with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% and projected on a fully generational basis with scale BB.
Mortality Rates - Disabled Retirees	Same as service with a 3 year set-forward and subject to the 3% floor.

NOTE H -- OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (Continued)

The SDBF required contribution rates, based on these assumptions, are as follows:

	Total SDBF	Retiree Portion of
	Contribution	SDBF Contribution
	Rate	Rate
For the Plan Year Ended December 31,		
2018	0.14%	0.02%
2019	0.16%	0.02%

The following presents the TOL of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 3.71% as well as what the City's TOL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (2.71%) and 1-percentage point higher (4.71%) than the current rate:

	Discount Rate		Disc	ount Rate	Discount Rate	
	2.71%		3.71%		4.71%	
Total OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	26,080	\$	21,964	\$	18,776

The City's Total OPEB Liability (TOL), as of December 31, 2018 was calculated as follows:

	L	Liability
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$	20,670
Changes for the year:		
Service Cost		2,834
Interest		728
Change of Benefit Terms		-
Difference Between Expected and		
Actual Experience		(573)
Changes of Assumptions or Other		-
Inputs		(1,528)
Benefit Payments		(167)
Net Changes		1,294
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$	21,964

There is no separate trust maintained to fund this TOL. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.

NOTE H -- OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (Continued)

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$1,409. Also as of September 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred	
	Outflows of		Inflows of	
	Re	Resources		sources
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions	\$	1,155	\$	1,859
Contributions Subsequent to the				-
Measurement Date		134		
Actual Investment Earnings		-		-
	\$	1,289	\$	1,859

Deferred outflows of resources in the amount of \$134 is related to OPEB benefits resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the plan year ended December 31, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

2019	\$ (70)
2020	(70)
2021	(70)
2022	(70)
2023	(70)
Thereafter	 (354)
	\$ (704)

NOTE I -- INTERFUND TRANFERS

The Municipal Development Fund transferred \$39,082 to the General Fund in support of administrative overhead.

NOTE J -- TEXAS HIGHER EDUCATION AUTHORITY

In September 2006, the City created a nonprofit corporation under Section 53.35(b) of The Texas Education code. The creation of this nonprofit corporation established a Higher Education Authority (the Authority) for the purpose of assisting in the financing of accredited primary and secondary schools as provided by state law. In accordance with the terms establishing the nonprofit corporation, the city is not liable for any expenses incurred in establishing or administering the Higher Education Authority. The Texas Higher Education Authority is not consolidated into the financial statements of City of La Vernia because it does not meet the requirements of being treated as a component unit of the City under governmental accounting standards.

NOTE J -- TEXAS HIGHER EDUCATION AUTHORITY

The Authority has approved the issuance of the following obligations. The City has no obligation for this debt.

Issuance		Original	Estimated	
Date	Entity	Issue	Outstanding	Maturity
2006	Southwest Winners Foundation, Inc.	\$ 9,470,000	\$ 6,080,000	2031
2009	Winfree Academy Charter Schools	8,305,000	7,355,000	2038
2008	COSMOS Foundation, Inc.	30,075,000	26,420,000	2038
2008	Amigos Por Vida for Life Housing and Education Corp.	10,350,000	8,700,000	2037
2011	Life School of Dallas	38,880,000	34,575,000	2041
2015	Meridian World School	29,640,000	28,300,000	2045

NOTE K -- COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Litigation

The City is the subject of various claims and litigation that have arisen in the course of its operations. Management is of the opinion that the City's liability in these cases, if decided adversely to the City, will not have a material effect on the City's financial position.

NOTE L -- RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; business interruption; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health benefits; and other claims of various natures. The City contracts with the Texas Municipal League (TML) to provide insurance coverage for property and casualty. TML is a multi-employer group that provides for a combination of risk sharing among pool participants and stop loss coverage. Contributions are set annually by the provider. Liability by the City is generally limited to the contributed amounts for losses up to \$1,000,000. Annual contributions for the year ended September 30, 2019 were \$34,141 for property and casualty coverage.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund
- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Municipal Development District
- Schedule of Changes Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios
- Schedule of Contributions Defined Benefit Pension Plan
- Schedule of Changes Total Other Post-Employment Benefit Liability and Related Ratios

CITY OF LA VERNIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Budget Amounts		A stual	Variance Favorable	
	Original Final		Actual	(Unfavorable)	
REVENUES	Original	ГШат	Amounts	(Uniavorable)	
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 233,387	\$ 233,387	\$ 220,872	\$ (12,515)	
Franchise Fees	\$ 233,387 70,000	\$ 233,387 70,000	\$ 220,872 64,701	\$ (12,313) (5,299)	
Sales Taxes	866,500	866,500	1,055,815	189,315	
Fines and Penalties	107,820	107,820	122,455	14,635	
Licenses and Permits	55,300	55,300	33,321	(21,979)	
Interest Income	500	500	2,254	1,754	
Intergovernmental	1,030	1,030	56,372	55,342	
Miscellaneous	35,000	35,000	40,628	5,628	
Police Services for School District	239,329	239,329	202,357	(36,972)	
TOTAL REVENUES	1,608,866	1,608,866	1,798,775	189,909	
EXPENDITURES					
Code Enforcement					
Personnel	19,779	19,779	9,893	9,886	
Operations	81,530	81,530	48,556	32,974	
Total Code Enforcement	101,309	101,309	58,449	42,860	
General Government					
Personnel	184,967	184,967	178,591	6,376	
Operations	176,569	176,569	145,293	31,276	
Total General Government	361,536	361,536	323,884	37,652	
Municipal Court					
Personnel	56,500	52,300	46,795	5,505	
Operations	8,302	12,502	9,916	2,586	
Total Municipal Court	64,802	64,802	56,711	8,091	
Police Department					
Personnel	602,675	602,825	583,850	18,975	
Operations	249,400	248,150	282,213	(34,063)	
Capital Outlay	27,498	28,598	16,795	11,803	
Total Police Department	879,573	879,573	882,858	(3,285)	
Public Works					
Personnel	87,390	87,390	79,816	7,574	
Operations	82,133	82,133	58,021	24,112	
Total Public Works	\$ 169,523	\$ 169,523	\$ 137,837	\$ 31,686	

CITY OF LA VERNIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

							V	ariance	
	Budget Amounts					Actual	Fa	vorable	
		Original		Final	Amounts		(Unfavorable)		
Parks									
Personnel	\$	44,255	\$	45,455	\$	42,099	\$	3,356	
Operations		26,950		20,750		17,556		3,194	
Capital Outlay		-		5,000		17,602	_	(12,602)	
Total Parks		71,205		71,205		77,257		(6,052)	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1,647,948		1,647,948		1,536,996		110,952	
Europe (Definition) of Devenues									
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					0(1 550			000.041	
Over (Under) Expenditures		(39,082)		(39,082)	261,779			300,861	
OTHER FINANCING									
SOURCES (USES)									
Transfer In		39,082		39,082		39,082		-	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING				<u> </u>					
SOURCES (USES)		39,082		39,082		39,082			
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		300,861		300,861	
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE		1,363,893		1,363,893		1,363,893		-	
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$	1,363,893	\$	1,363,893	\$	1,664,754	\$	300,861	

CITY OF LA VERNIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL – MUNICIPAL DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

						V	ariance	
	Budget A	Amou	ints		Actual	Fa	avorable	
	Original		Final		Mounts	(Unfavorable)		
\$	310,000	\$	310,000	\$	358,185	\$	48,185	
	180		180		6,005		5,825	
	7,500		7,500		10,089		2,589	
	317,680		317,680		374,279		56,599	
	44,292		44,292		41,795		2,497	
	123,660		123,660		54,945		68,715	
	167,952		167,952	96,740			71,212	
	149,728		149,728		277,539		127,811	
	(39,083)		(39,083)		(39,083)			
	110,645		110,645		238,456		127,811	
	1,096,205		1,096,205		1,096,205		-	
\$	1,206,850	\$	1,206,850	\$	1,334,661	\$	127,811	
		Original \$ 310,000 180 7,500 317,680 44,292 123,660 167,952 149,728 (39,083) 110,645 1,096,205	Original \$ 310,000 \$ 180 7,500 317,680	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Original Final A \$ 310,000 \$ 310,000 \$ 310,000 \$ 180 180 180 180 180 7,500 7,500 317,680 317,680 317,680 317,680 317,680 317,680 44,292 44,292 44,292 123,660 167,952 167,952 167,952 167,952 149,728 149,728 149,728 149,728 (39,083) (39,083) 310,000 310,000 110,645 110,645 110,645 1,096,205	OriginalFinalAmounts $\$$ 310,000 $\$$ 310,000 $\$$ 358,1851801806,0057,5007,50010,089317,680317,680374,27944,29244,29241,795123,660123,66054,945167,952167,95296,740149,728149,728277,539(39,083)(39,083)(39,083)110,645110,645238,4561,096,2051,096,2051,096,205	Budget AmountsActualFaOriginalFinalAmounts(Un\$ 310,000\$ 310,000\$ 358,185\$1801806,0057,5007,50010,089317,680317,680374,27944,29244,29241,795123,660123,66054,945167,952167,95296,740149,728149,728277,539 $(39,083)$ $(39,083)$ $(39,083)$ 110,645110,645238,4561,096,2051,096,2051,096,205	

CITY OF LA VERNIA NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Budgetary Information – The budget is prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The City maintains strict budgetary controls. The objective of these controls is to ensure compliance with legal provision embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City Council and as such is a good management control device. The following are the funds which have legally adopted annual budgets: General Fund, Municipal Development, and Debt Service Funds.

Budgetary preparation and control is exercised at the department level. Actual expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level.

The City does not use encumbrances.

CITY OF LA VERNIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES – NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST FIVE CALENDER YEARS

		Total Pensi	on Li	ability					
		2014	-	2015		2016		2017	 2018
Service Cost	\$	30,199	\$	39,505	\$	40,465	\$	42,472	\$ 67,609
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)		22,134		24,686		28,107		30,518	33,415
Changes of Benefit Terms		-		-		5,235		-	-
Difference between Expected									
and Actual Experience		340		(3,519)		(6,327)		(10,600)	29,933
Change of Assumptions		-		13,921		-		-	-
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of									
Employee Contributions		(19,304)		(22,438)		(10,693)		(44,361)	 (19,738)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		33,369		52,155		56,787		18,029	111,219
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	-	310,755	_	344,124	_	396,279	-	453,066	 471,095
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$	344,124	\$	396,279	\$	453,066	\$	471,095	\$ 582,314
	_								
	Р	lan Fiduciary	v Net			2017		2017	2019
		2014		2015		2016		2017	 2018
Contributions - Employer	\$	14,042	\$	16,604	\$	15,213	\$	16,427	\$ 31,359
Contributions - Employee		27,720		31,604		31,175		32,422	61,748
Net Investment Income		11,700		352		17,891		44,113	(10,986)
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of									
Employee Contributions		(19,304)		(22,438)		(10,693)		(44,361)	(19,738)
Administrative Expense		(122)		(214)		(202)		(228)	(212)
Other		(10)		(10)		(11)		(12)	(11)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		34,026		25,898		53,373		48,361	 62,160
Plan Fiduciary Net Postion - Beginning		204,378		238,404		264,302		317,675	366,036
Plan Fiduciary Net Postion - Ending	\$	238,404	\$	264,302	\$	317,675	\$	366,036	\$ 428,196
Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Ending	\$	105,720	\$	131,977	\$	135,391	\$	105,059	\$ 154,118
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a									
Percentage of Total Pension Liability		69.28%		66.70%		70.12%		77.70%	73.53%
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	554,405	\$	632,086	\$	623,503	\$	540,360	\$ 833,655
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage									
of Covered Employee Payroll		19.07%		20.88%		21.71%		19.44%	18.49%

Information for this schedule is being accumulated until ten years is presented.

CITY OF LA VERNIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

	Actuarially				Contributions
	Determined	Contributions	Contribution	Covered	As Percent
Fiscal Year Ending	Contribution	in Relation	Deficiency	Employee	of Covered
September 30,	(ARC)	to ARC	(Excess)	Payroll	Payroll
2014	\$ 12,852	\$ 12,852	\$ -	\$ 494,024	2.60%
2015	15,785	15,785	-	614,311	2.57%
2016	17,500	17,500	-	704,602	2.48%
2017	16,862	16,862	-	587,825	2.87%
2018	24,229	24,229	-	797,021	3.04%
2019	29,291	29,291	-	910,636	3.22%

Notes to Pension Schedules

Benefit Changes: None

Changes in Assumptions: None

Information for this schedule is being accumulated until ten years is presented.

CITY OF LA VERNIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES – TOTAL OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST TWO CALENDER YEARS

Total OPEB Liability										
_	2017		2018							
\$	1,621	\$	2,834							
	671		728							
	-									
			(572)							
	-		(573)							
	1 499		(1,528)							
	-		(1,520)							
			1,294							
			20,670							
\$	20,670	\$	21,964							
\$	540,360	\$	833,655							
	3.83%		2.63%							
None										
None										
	\$ \$ \$ None	2017 \$ 1,621 671 - 1,499 (108) 3,683 16,987 \$ 20,670 \$ 540,360 3.83% None	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$							

Trust:

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.

Information is being accumulated until ten years are presented.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the GASB, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

Such statements and schedule include:

- Comparative Statements General Fund
- Comparative Statements Municipal Development District
- Comparative Statements Street Maintenance Fund
- Combining Statements Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Comparative Statements Proprietary Utility Fund

CITY OF LA VERNIA COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS GENERAL FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 AND 2018

	20	019		2018
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,4	418,660	\$	1,166,975
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):				
Property Taxes		7,236		5,977
Other Receivables	2	276,338		190,192
Prepaid Items		41,156		26,848
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,7	743,390	\$	1,389,992
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS				
OF RESOURCES & FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	\$	17,223	\$	1,121
Accrued Expenditures	Ţ	55,830	*	20,195
Total Liabilities		73,053		21,316
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unavailable Property Tax Revenues		5,583		4,783
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		5,583		4,783
Fund Balances:				
Nonspendable:				
Prepaid Items		41,156		26,848
Unassigned		523,598		1,337,045
Total Fund Balances		564,754		1,363,893
	,-	, -		, ,
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS				
OF RESOURCES & FUND BALANCES	\$ 1,7	743,390	\$	1,389,992

CITY OF LA VERNIA COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 AND 2018

	2019	2018
REVENUES		
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 220,872	\$ 197,348
Franchise Fees	64,701	63,785
Sales Taxes	1,055,815	861,385
Fines and Penalties	122,455	110,722
Licenses and Permits	33,321	47,696
Interest Income	2,254	238
Intergovernmental	56,372	2,924
Miscellaneous	40,628	28,136
Police Services for School District	202,357	157,483
TOTAL REVENUES	1,798,775	1,469,717
EXPENDITURES		
<i>Current:</i>		
Code Enforcement	58,449	55,473
General Government	322,527	333,597
Municipal Court	56,711	61,055
Police	837,633	714,137
Public Works	137,837	104,788
Parks	59,656	52,204
Municipal Development	1,356	
Capital Outlay	34,400	89,596
Debt Service:	5 1,100	0,000
Principal Payments	27,498	_
Interest and Fiscal Charges	929	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,536,996	1,410,850
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over	1,550,550	1,110,000
(Under) Expenditures	261,779	58,867
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Proceeds from the Sale of Assets		36,499
Transfer In	39,082	30,499
Transfer Out	39,082	(7,962)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	39,082	60,713
Net Change in Fund Balance	300,861	119,580
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	1,363,893	1,244,313
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 1,664,754	\$ 1,363,893

CITY OF LA VERNIA COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS STREET MAINTENANCE FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 AND 2018

	2019			2018
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	346,632	\$	300,938
Other Receivables		32,268		28,117
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	378,900	\$	329,055
LIABILITIES & FUND BALANCE				
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-
Total Liabilities		-		-
Fund Balance:				
Restricted for Street Maintenance		378,900		329,055
Total Fund Balance		378,900		329,055
TOTAL LIABILITIES & FUND BALANCE	\$	378,900	\$	329,055

CITY OF LA VERNIA COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE STREET MAINTENANCE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 AND 2018

	 2019	2018
REVENUES		
Sales Taxes	\$ 207,615	\$ 167,721
Interest Income	669	 263
TOTAL REVENUES	 208,284	 167,984
EXPENDITURES <i>Current:</i>		
Public Works	158,439	262,862
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 158,439	 262,862
Net Change in Fund Balance	49,845	 (94,878)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	 329,055	 423,933
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 378,900	\$ 329,055

CITY OF LA VERNIA COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS MUNICIPAL DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 AND 2018

	2019	2018		
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 868,868	\$	639,533	
Certificates of Deposit	404,585		402,980	
Other Receivables	 61,581		54,065	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,335,034	\$	1,096,578	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	\$ 373	\$	373	
Total Liabilities	 373		373	
Fund Balances:				
Restricted for Municipal Development	 1,334,661		1,096,205	
Total Fund Balances	 1,334,661		1,096,205	
TOTAL LIABILITIES &				
FUND BALANCES	\$ 1,335,034	\$	1,096,578	

CITY OF LA VERNIA COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE MUNICIPAL DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 AND 2018

	2019	2018		
REVENUES				
Sales Tax	\$ 358,184	\$	319,841	
Interest Income	6,005		3,617	
Miscellaneous Income	 10,089		6,858	
TOTAL REVENUES	 374,278		330,316	
EXPENDITURES				
Personnel	41,795		10,774	
Operations	54,945		58,873	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 96,740		69,647	
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	277,538		260,669	
OTHER FINANCING USES				
Transfer Out	 (39,082)		(32,176)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	238,456		228,493	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	 1,096,205		867,712	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 1,334,661	\$	1,096,205	

CITY OF LA VERNIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Court ecurity	Court chnology	H	otel	Fo	rfeiture	 Total
ASSETS							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,126	\$ 13,348	\$	417	\$	1,173	\$ 16,064
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,126	\$ 13,348	\$	417	\$	1,173	\$ 16,064
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS							
OFRESOURCES & FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable	\$ _	\$ -	\$	-	\$		\$ -
Total Liabilities	 -	 -		-			 -
Fund Balances:							
Restricted	1,126	13,348		417		1,173	16,064
Total Fund Balances	 1,126	 13,348		417		1,173	 16,064
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED							
INFLOWS & FUND BALANCES	\$ 1,126	\$ 13,348	\$	417	\$	1,173	\$ 16,064

CITY OF LA VERNIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Court Security		Court Technology		Hotel Tax		Police Forfeiture		Total	
REVENUES										
Hotel Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	417	\$	-	\$	417
Fines and Penalties		2,501		3,334		-		1,173		7,008
Interest Income		6		23		-		-		29
TOTAL REVENUES		2,507		3,357		417		1,173		7,454
EXPENDITURES Current: Municipal Court TOTAL EXPENDITURES		<u>5,232</u> <u>5,232</u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>				5,232 5,232
Net Change in Fund Balance		(2,725)		3,357		417		1,173		2,222
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		3,851		9,991						13,842
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	1,126	\$	13,348	\$	417	\$	1,173	\$	16,064

CITY OF LA VERNIA COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY UTILITY FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 AND 2018

		2019		2018		
ASSETS						
Current Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	323,791	\$	413,842		
Receivables (net of allowances						
for uncollectibles):		99,817		74,600		
Prepaid Expenses		-	. 10,03			
Other Assets:						
Restricted Cash and Investments		1,115,185		2,036,008		
Capital Assets (net of depreciation)		4,548,983	3,840,290			
TOTAL ASSETS	6,087,776			6,374,774		
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable		69,293		19,968		
Accrued Compensated Absences		973		592		
Customer Deposits		73,843		72,586		
Unearned Revenue		12,197	10,344			
Accrued Interest Payable		16,967	18,115			
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Due within One Year		217,184		215,485		
Due in more than One Year		3,618,941		3,836,125		
TOTAL LIABILITIES		4,009,398		4,173,215		
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		1,637,509		1,681,125		
Restricted for Impact Fees		143,821		143,038		
Unrestricted		297,048	377,396			
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	2,078,378	\$	2,201,559		

CITY OF LA VERNIA COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY UTILITY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 AND 2018

	 2019	2018		
OPERATING REVENUES				
Water Charges	\$ 539,068	\$	448,275	
Sewer Charges	200,997		175,973	
Garbage Charges	283,008		263,342	
Connection and Impact Fees	4,824		7,251	
Miscellaneous Income	 30,385		30,183	
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	 1,058,282		925,024	
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Personnel	160,151		140,260	
Water Purchase	86,309		112,006	
Garbage Collection	252,133		237,133	
Utilities	70,807		73,255	
Office and Administrative	46,166		51,741	
Repairs and Chemicals	97,061		73,455	
Treatment Plant Contract	85,401		85,436	
Depreciation	 278,440		275,297	
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	 1,076,468		1,048,583	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	 (18,186)		(123,559)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Interest Income	11,338		1,751	
Interest Expense	(116,333)		(141,624)	
Bond Issue Costs	_		(25,987)	
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	 (104,995)		(165,860)	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(123,181)		(289,419)	
NET POSITION AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	 2,201,559		2,490,978	
NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR	\$ 2,078,378	\$	2,201,559	

